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Mergers and Acquisitions for Farmers

2019 Dairy Summit

February 6, 2019

Lancaster Marriott

Lancaster Pennsylvania

Presenters

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**Don't Have To Tell You, These Are
Challenging Times For Farming.**

- **Under pressure, Amish farmers begin to exit dairy business**

<https://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2017/oct/7/under-pressure-amish-farmers-begin-to-exit-dairy-b/>

'Tough discussions' ahead for bankers, farmers

<https://www.grandforksherald.com/business/agriculture/4533880-tough-discussions-ahead-bankers-farmers>

Problems of Agriculture – Market Failure

<https://www.economicshelp.org/blog/4977/economics/problems-of-agriculture-market-failure/>

U.S. Farm Income Seen Falling for Fourth Straight Year

<https://www.wsj.com/articles/u-s-farm-income-seen-falling-for-fourth-straight-year-1486486691>

But Maybe You're Thinking:

- Good Time to Acquire Assets, or a Business at a Low Price; or
- It is essential to combine for survival in rapidly consolidating industry.
Possible reasons:
 - Synergy: $1 + 1 = 3$ – necessary for maintaining competitiveness?
 - Pooling of financial capital to deal with price and industry volatility and compete with the big boys out west?
 - Combine operations to provide marketing leverage
 - Next generation family not interested?
 - Acquire milk base?
 - Acquire facility that is already permitted? Intangible value?
 - Combine certain systems (e.g. heifer growing, labor recruiting?) with other like-minded producers to extract systems, labor, capital, and performance efficiencies
- How is it done?

No Single Answer

- Can be complicated, like putting together a puzzle
- Involves the following “pieces”, among other factors:
 - Legal
 - Business (for example, owners and employees)
 - Financing
 - Income Tax
 - Estate Tax
 - Personal, family goals
 - Process
 - “Knitting” together multiple objectives
- Legal discovery and due diligence
- Financial and cash flow discovery and due diligence
- Balance “doing the deal” vs “doing the due diligence”
 - Acceptable business risk vs Oh _____! moment!



Legal

- What structure does this take on?
- Advantages / Disadvantages of each?

Struggling Dairy Example

- Might be nearby/down street
- Might be farther
- Perhaps another state

What does it have that we like?

- “Fit”
- Size
- Geography/location
- Philosophy

Big initial decision: Asset acquisition or business purchase?

- Easier answer (for Buyer): Asset acquisition
- Buying assets unaccompanied by “baggage”

Possible assets:

- Real estate
- Land
- Buildings
- Livestock
- Equipment
- Inventory
- All of above, “as a going concern.”

Key point. You're not buying liabilities attached to these.

- Mortgage debt
- Other real estate liens
- As to livestock and equipment, UCC liens
- Seller contracts:
 - Employment contracts
 - Guaranteed payments
 - Feed supply
 - Milk sale

All that “left” with the Seller

- You know, when you buy, these things are free and clear
- Perhaps eases integration into your operation (200 acres nearby)

Not that easy:

- Seller must be able to sell (their own banker)
- Family vote?
- Transition issues
- You must be able to buy:
 - Your banker
 - Employees: Leap of faith
 - Transition period – rumors. Dealing with unknown

Alternative: True Merger

- Merger
- Stock purchase
- Purchase of LLC and LP Interests
- Point: Two become one
- EIN number: one survives (usually one with more assets / buyer)

Why more challenging legally?

- Liabilities, known and unknown
- Rather than having certainty, you have uncertainty
- Hopefully reflected in price being paid (lower for purchaser)



What kinds of liabilities are we talking about?

- Known:
 - Things on books
 - Feed bills
 - Wages
 - Employment contracts
 - Guaranteed payments

Other Liabilities

- Unknown
 - Unasserted third party claims
 - Bad milk
 - Overtime / wages
 - Worker's Comp / Unemployment Comp
 - Inaccurate Books
 - Fraudulent Books

Unknown Liabilities

- Unknown Creditors (machinery repair, veterinarian)
- Environmental

Any other options?

- Joint Venture
- Two entities create a third entity to operate a business line or asset
- Blackacre for sale / 200 acres
 - Farm A: Needs land to grow crops for feed
 - Farm B: Needs land for manure management

- Both farms want to avoid integration with current books
- Separate EIN
- Not seen too often, because alternatives are usually “better”
- 50 /50 purchase, followed by a “management agreement.”
- Creation of another entity is avoided

But might do:

A. If family member wants that part of business for another family member.

B. If there is a new facet of farm business that one can't do alone, but can do together

- Farm A has land
- Farm B needs land

A Simpler Way to Think About It (maybe) The EIN — Your “Federal” Identity.

Asset Acquisition: You don't care about Seller EIN.

Entity Purchase: You care a lot about Seller EIN.

Merger: One EIN will survive.

Joint Venture: Creating a new EIN

Other Common Issues in Mergers and Acquisitions (Non Tax and Non Legal)

- Securing leases to secure an adequate land base
- Neighbor relationships – who can help with this?
 - Who do neighbors trust that can speak to your credibility with them?
 - Professionalism
 - Commitment and follow through
 - They are waiting and watching
- Secure raised feed and crop suppliers (relationships)
- Secure a market
- Deferred maintenance on facilities and equipment; buyer beware – it will always take more \$\$ than you think to get things up to your standards

Tax Issues Common in Mergers and Acquisitions

- Asset Price Allocation – important to buyer and seller
 - Land
 - Buildings/Facilities
 - Equipment
 - Livestock
 - Mature cows
 - Replacements
- Asset deal or stock deal
 - Very different tax results for buyer and seller
- Know the tax cost/savings BEFORE finalizing deal price

Hot Button Tax Traps for the Seller – Tread Carefully in the Minefield!

- Long-Term Capital gain rates are 0%, 15% or 20% (maximum)
- Maximum ordinary income rate is 37%
- Equipment gain = depreciation recapture
- Dairy facilities (free stall barn, milking parlor, etc.) gain = depreciation recapture
- Depreciation recapture = ordinary income = top federal rate of 37%
- Depreciation recapture is NOT capital gain income!
- Livestock
 - Raised mature (2 year old) dairy cows are capital gain assets
 - Replacements are ordinary income
- Land = capital gain
- Tax is paid on ordinary gain (equipment/facilities/replacements, etc.) in year of sale even if seller financing

Hot Button Tax Traps for the Seller – Tread Carefully in the Minefield!

- Hot Assets (Partnerships and LLCs) – subject to ordinary income and self-employment tax
 - Accounts receivable
 - Prepaid expenses
 - Crop inventories
 - Supply inventories
- LLC's vs S Corporations
 - LLC's taxed as partnerships – tax law deems you are selling the underlying assets, not the LLC itself (bulk of assets are ordinary gain treatment)
 - S Corporations – tax law deems you are selling the stock (ie. capital gain treatment)
- Negative tax basis capital

Tax Planning Opportunities

- In true merger – Section 368 Re-organization
 - Complicated and messy but planning opportunity exists
- Purchase price allocation
- If seller's personal residence situated on farm being sold, opportunity to create tax-exempt income
- Which entity purchases real estate vs equipment to optimize depreciation write-off options
- Stock vs asset deal
- Depending on deal timing, spread transaction components across 2 tax years
- Depending on deal, defer sale of replacements until they mature to shift income from ordinary gain to capital gain

Questions ??????